Claims

- 1-9. (Cancelled)
- 10. (previously presented) A display structure for energizing at least one light-emitting element, comprising:

first and second conductors; and

a plurality of light-emitting elements coupled between said conductors; wherein said first conductor defines a plurality of tabs and each of said light-emitting elements is coupled between said second conductor and a respective one of said tabs;

and further including an insulator carried over one of said first and second conductors wherein said insulator defines a plurality of apertures that each receive a respective one of said light-emitting elements.

- 11. (previously presented) The structure of claim 10, wherein said insulator is configured to permit coupling of said light-emitting elements to said first and second conductors.
- 12. (previously presented) The structure of claim 10, wherein said light-emitting elements each have anode and cathode surfaces and further including a plurality of resistive members that are each carried over at least one of the anode and cathode surfaces of a respective one of said light-emitting elements.
- 13. (original) The structure of claim 12, wherein said resistive members are resistive films.
 - 14. (cancelled)
- 15. (currently amended) <u>The A display</u> structure <u>of claim 20,</u> for energizing at least one light emitting element, comprising:

first and second conductors; and

a plurality of light-emitting elements coupled between said conductors; and further including at least one spacer positioned to space said first and second conductors apart wherein said spacer defines an aperture to receive a respective one of said light-emitting elements;

- wherein said light-emitting elements each have anode and cathode surfaces and further including a plurality of resistive members that are each carried over at least one of the anode and cathode surfaces of a respective one of said light-emitting elements.
- 16. (original) The structure of claim 15, wherein said resistive members are resistive films.
 - 17. (cancelled)
- 18. (currently amended) The structure of claim 17 20, wherein said light redirectors has have a concave shape.
- 19. (currently amended) The structure of claim 17 20, wherein said light redirectors has have a substantially parabolic shape.
- 20. (previously presented) A display structure for energizing at least one light-emitting element, comprising:

first and second conductors; and

a plurality of light-emitting elements coupled between said conductors; and further including at least one spacer positioned to space said first and second conductors apart wherein said spacer defines an aperture to receive a respective one of said light-emitting elements;

wherein said spacer defines first and second light redirectors positioned to redirect light from the respective light-emitting element and that diverge with increasing distance from said aperture.

21. (previously presented) A display structure for energizing at least one light-emitting element, comprising:

first and second conductors; and

a plurality of light-emitting elements coupled between said conductors; and further including at least one spacer positioned to space said first and second conductors apart wherein said spacer defines an aperture to receive a respective one of said light-emitting elements;

wherein said spacer defines a light redirector positioned to redirect light from the respective light-emitting element;

and further including a phosphor film carried on said light redirector to enhance light radiated by said light-emitting elements.

22. (currently amended) The structure of claim 47 20, wherein said light redirector has a cup shape.

23-24 (cancelled)

25. (currently amended) The A display structure of claim 23 for energizing at least one light-emitting element, comprising:

first and second conductors;

a plurality of light-emitting elements coupled between said conductors; and at least one wherein said spacer comprises a polymer spacer positioned to space said first and second conductors apart, wherein said spacer defines an array of cup-shaped light redirectors that are each positioned to redirect light from a respective light-emitting element.

26. (previously presented) The structure of claim 20, further including an insulator carried over one of said first and second conductors wherein said insulator defines a plurality of apertures that each receive a respective one of said light-emitting elements.

- 27. (previously presented) The structure of claim 20, further including an insulator carried on one of said first and second conductors and configured to permit coupling of said light-emitting elements to said first and second conductors.
 - 28. (cancelled)
- 29. (previously presented) The structure of claim 15, further including a polymer member that encloses said first and second conductors, said light-emitting elements and said resistive members.

30-33. (cancelled)

34. (previously presented) A display structure for energizing at least one light-emitting element, comprising:

first and second conductors;

- a plurality of light-emitting elements coupled between said conductors; at least one spacer positioned to space said first and second conductors apart wherein said spacer defines:
 - a) an aperture to receive a respective one of said light-emitting elements; and
 - b) a light redirector positioned to redirect light from the respective light-emitting element; and
- a phosphor film spaced from said light redirector to receive and enhance light redirected by said light redirector.
- 35. (new) The structure of claim 21, wherein said light-emitting elements each have anode and cathode surfaces, and further including a plurality of resistive members that are each carried over at least one of the anode and cathode surfaces of a respective one of said light-emitting elements.

- 36. (new) The structure of claim 35, wherein said resistive members are resistive films.
- 37. (new) The structure of claim 21, wherein said light redirector has a concave shape.
- 38. (new) The structure of claim 21, wherein said light redirector has a substantially parabolic shape.
- 39. (new) The structure of claim 21, wherein said light redirector has a cup shape.
- 40. (new) The structure of claim 21, wherein said light-emitting elements each have anode and cathode surfaces, and further including a plurality of resistive members that are each carried over at least one of the anode and cathode surfaces of a respective one of said light-emitting elements.
- 41. (new) The structure of claim 40, wherein said resistive members are resistive films.
- 42. (new) The structure of claim 21, further including an insulator carried over one of said first and second conductors, wherein said insulator defines a plurality of apertures that each receive a respective one of said light-emitting elements.
- 43. (new) The structure of claim 21, further including an insulator carried on one of said first and second conductors and configured to permit coupling of said light-emitting elements to said first and second conductors.